

12/8/24
**OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR
COOPERATIVE SOCIETIES**

**WRITTEN EXAMINATION
FOR THE POST OF
LDC (PE)**

PAPER - I

CODE NO: _____
(For official use)

Signature of Invigilator _____

MARKS TABULATION

PART	MARKS OBTAINED
PART A: GENERAL KNOWLEDGE (50 x 2 = 100 marks)	
PART A : GENERAL ENGLISH (25x2 = 50 marks)	
PART B: ESSAY WRITING (20 marks)	
PART B: ENGLISH COMPREHENSION (30 marks)	
Total marks obtained out of 200	

Signature of Examiner _____

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**WRITTEN EXAMINATION
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PAPER - I

ROLL NO.: _____
(To be filled in by candidate)

CODE NO: _____
(For official use)

Signature of Candidate _____

Signature of Invigilator _____

Instructions:

I. Put a tick (✓) mark against your answer for the following questions:

Part A: General Knowledge and General English

Part B: English Comprehension.

II. The blank sheets provided should be used ONLY for answering

Part B: Essay Writing.

PART – A

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE : 50 X 2 = 100 MARKS

1. 'Arpui mei ang' awmzia chu:
(A) in chen thap; sei hlei awm lova in rual tlang ()
(B) thil la Chiang lo ()
(C) chawp leh chilh a dawt sawi ching ()
(D) in ngeih lo ()
2. 'A sarhulai' awmzia:
(A) a laihawl sawina () (B) a hnukhawi lam ()
(C) a hmuhawm lai () (D) a hlimchhawng ()
3. Author of 'Pangparhnima'
(A) Lalrammawia Ngente () (B) Zohmangaihi ()
(C) Ahmangaihi Khiangte () (D) Lalengzauva ()
4. Pi Pui is the nickname given to
(A) Gwyneth Parul Roberts () (B) Violet Louise Anne Mark ()
(C) Reginald Lorraine () (D) Louise Hay ()
5. Who is the Registrar of Cooperative Societies in Mizoram?
(A) Vinay Kumar () (B) R. Lalremsanga ()
(C) PC Vanlalruata () (D) Lalramnghaka ()
6. What is the month of November called in Mizo?
(A) Sahmulphahthla () (B) Pawtlakthla ()
(C) TomirThla () (D) Vawkhniahzawnthla ()
7. Zawlbuk served not only as a dormitory but also as a
(A) Centre for only politics () (B) Centre for children ()
(C) Centre for finding a partner () (D) Centre of information ()
8. Minister of Department of Rural Development
(A) Pu PC Vanlalruata () (B) Pu Lalngchinglova Hmar ()
(C) Prof. Lalnilawma () (D) Dr. Vanlalhlana ()
9. The study of the heart
(A) Epidemiology () (B) Cardiology ()
(C) Pharmacology () (D) Dermatology ()

10. The smallest basic unit of life that is responsible for all of life's processes
 (A) Cells () (B) Prefrontal lobe()
 (C) Molecules () (D) RNA/DNA ()
11. The term for an eye doctor
 (A) Pediatrician () (B) Oncologist ()
 (C) Ophthalmologist () (D) Neurologist ()
12. Ozone is a highly reactive gas composed of
 (A) one oxygen atom () (B) two oxygen atoms ()
 (C) three oxygen atoms () (D) four oxygen atoms ()
13. The process through which heat is trapped near Earth's surface by substances
 (A) Greenhouse gases () (B) Ozone layer ()
 (C) Air pollution () (D) Climate change ()
14. The act of cutting down forests for land use
 (A) Reforestation () (B) Landslides ()
 (C) Afforestation () (D) Deforestation ()
15. Any undesirable change in the standard condition of environment due to the addition of something harmful
 (A) Pollution () (B) Evolution ()
 (C) Sedimentation () (D) Ozonation ()
16. Gem stone is famous for its
 (A) protein value () (B) geometric pattern ()
 (C) shine and beauty () (D) soft interior ()
17. The value of pi is approximately _____ 3.14159
 (A) less than () (B) larger than ()
 (C) threetimes larger than() (D) equal to ()
18. Mass is an intrinsic property of matter and is measured in
 (A) Millilitres () (B) Kelvin (temperature) ()
 (C) Kilograms () (D) Metres ()
19. Normal body temperature of a human body is usually defined as around
 (A) 33.7F () (B) 78F ()
 (C) 98.6F () (D) 120.3F ()
20. Official languages of India
 (A) Hindi, Urdu () (B) Urdu, English ()
 (C) Kannada, Urdu () (D) Hindi, English ()
21. Choose the full form of the following acronyms:
 GST -
 (A) Gross and Secondary tax () (B) Growth and Services Tax()
 (C) Goods and Services Tax () (D) Good and Second Tax ()

22. SIRD- (A) State Institute of Regional Development ()
 (B) Sectional Institute of Regional Development ()
 (C) State Industries and Rural Development ()
 (D) State Institute of Rural Development ()
23. GDP- (A) Growth and Domestic Product ()
 (B) Gross Domestic Product ()
 (C) Gross Domestic Programme ()
 (D) GrossDomesticable Produce ()
24. IGNOU - (A) Indira Gandhi National Open University ()
 (B) India and Gandhi's National Open University()
 (C) India's Grand National Open University ()
 (D) Ignou Gandhi National Open University ()
25. DP&AR -(A) Department of Political and Accounting Records ()
 (B) Department of Personnel and Administrative Reforms ()
 (C) Department of Persons and Administrative Reforms ()
 (D) Department of Personnel and Administration Reforms ()
26. The Fundamental Rights in the Indian Constitution were inspired by the
 (A) Finland Constitution () (B) British Constitution ()
 (C) United States Constitution () (D) French Constitution ()
27. Who were the signatories of the Mizoram Accord, 1986?
 (A) Laldenga, Lalkhama & R. D. Pradhan ()
 (B) Zoramthanga, Laldenga & William Williams ()
 (C) R.D. Prahan, Lalduhawma & Lalkhama ()
 (D) None of the above ()
28. Who is considered as the Father of Artificial Intelligence?
 (A) Claude Shannon () (B) John McCarthy ()
 (C) Charles Babbage () (D) Dr. Vijay Bhatkar ()
29. Which Article of the Indian Constitution states "The State shall not deny to any person equality before the law or the equal protection of the laws within the territory of India."
 (A) Article 8 () (B) Article 14 ()
 (C) Article 335 () (D) Article 250 ()
30. India's largest cotton-producing state
 (A) Goa () (B) Rajasthan ()
 (C) Karnataka () (D) Gujarat ()

Match the States given below (A/B/C/D/E) with their respective Chief Ministers.

- | | | |
|-------------|------------|-------------|
| (A) Punjab | (B) Kerala | (C) Manipur |
| (D) Tripura | (E) Assam | |

31. HimantaBiswaSarma ()
 32. N. Biren Singh ()
 33. PinarayiVijayan ()
 34. Bhagwant Mann ()
 35. ManikSaha ()

Match the States given below (A/B/C/D/E) with their respective capitals.

(A) Mumbai (B) Panaji (C) Imphal (D) Kohima (E) Jaipur

36. Manipur ()
 37. Goa ()
 38. Rajasthan ()
 39. Nagaland ()
 40. Maharashtra ()

41. What is the name of the new criminal law that has replaced the Code of Criminal Procedure(CrPC) 1973?

- (A) Bharatiya Nagrik Suraksha Sanhita (BNSS) ()
 (B) Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS) ()
 (C) Bharatiya Sakshya Adhinyam (BSA) ()
 (D) Indian Evidence Act ()

42. Fifth Tennis player in history to claim the Golden Slam

- (A) Serena Williams () (B) Rafael Nadal ()
 (C) Jannik Sinner () (D) Novak Djokovic ()

43. By whom was the Fort of Allahabad built?

- (A) Ashoka () (B) Akbar ()
 (C) Mahmud of Ghazni () (D) Nizamuddin Auliya ()

44. Who is the current Deputy Speaker of Mizoram?

- (A) Pu Lalbiakzama () (B) Pu H. Lalzirliana ()
 (C) Pu Lalrinliana Sailo () (D) Pu Lalfamkima ()

45. Who is the Minister of Cooperation Department in Mizoram?

- (A) Pu Lalthansanga () (B) Pu PC Vanlalruata ()
 (C) Dr. Vanlalhlana () (D) Pu Vanlalhlana ()

46. Who was the first person to abolish Sati?

- (A) BR Ambedkar () (B) Mother Teresa ()
 (C) William Bentinck () (D) None of the above ()

47. The northeast part of India that is called the 'Scotland of the East'?
- (A) Shillong () (B) Manipur ()
 (C) Assam () (D) Meghalaya ()
48. The total number of Schedules in the Indian constitution is
- (A) 12 () (B) 10 ()
 (C) 9 () (D) 15 ()
49. India has how many States and Union Territories?
- (A) 29 states and 9 Union territories ()
 (B) 27 states and 8 Union territories ()
 (C) 28 states and 10 Union territories ()
 (D) 28 states and 8 Union territories ()
50. Where is the Summer Olympics 2024 being held?
- (A) Rome () (B) Paris ()
 (C) Seoul () (D) Tokyo ()

GENERAL ENGLISH : 25 x 2 = 50 MARKS

Directions (Questions 1-2): Choose the antonym of the given words.

1. Dissipate
- (A) dissolve () (B) scatter ()
 (C) tolerate () (D) ill ()
2. Yearn
- (A) covet () (B) suffer ()
 (C) crave () (D) weave ()

Directions (Questions 3 – 7): Choose the most appropriate option to fill in the blanks.

3. He did not go to the temple _____ foot, he went there by car.
- (A) on () (B) with ()
 (C) by () (D) in ()
4. The leader of the group gave me _____
- (A) a work () (B) the works apiece ()
 (C) works () (D) a piece of work ()
5. They saw _____ wished the guest
- (A) than () (B) and ()
 (C) to () (D) so ()
6. Would you please request him not _____ the envelope without my consent?
- (A) tear open () (B) will tear open ()
 (C) do tear open () (D) to tear open ()
7. Considering his young age, _____ achievement of the player is really admirable.
- (A) a () (B) and the ()
 (C) the () (D) with the ()

Directions (Questions 8 – 10): Choose one word for the following

8. A lady's umbrella
(A) Parasol () (B) Sarod ()
(C) Knop () (D) Cornice ()
9. One who hates learning and knowledge
(A) Plagiarist () (B) Misologist ()
(C) Misogynist () (D) Polytheist ()
10. An established principle
(A) Triviality () (B) Maxim ()
(C) Conduct () (D) Motive ()

Directions (Questions 11 – 12): Read the following sentences and spot the error, if any.

11. You should always listen to the advice of your well wishers.
(A) You should always ()
(B) listen to the advice ()
(C) of your well wishers ()
(D) No error ()
12. It was so hot day that it was impossible to go out shopping.
(A) It was so hot day ()
(B) that it was impossible ()
(C) to go out shopping ()
(D) No error ()

Directions (Questions 13 – 15): Out of the alternatives given, choose the one which best expresses the meaning of the given idioms/phrases

13. To flog a dead horse
(A) To waste effort on something when there is no chance of succeeding ()
(B) To beat a person who is already dead ()
(C) To suffer hardship ()
(D) To try to take someone else's prized possession. ()
14. Bank on
(A) To agree with () (B) To depend on ()
(C) To dream of () (D) To differ with ()
15. To have no backbone
(A) Something which is not in order ()
(B) To be in anger ()
(C) To admit one's fault ()
(D) To have no strength and support ()

Directions (Questions 16 – 17): Choose the sentence which is grammatically correct:

16. (A) One of the most widely spreading bad habit is use of the cigarette ()
(B) One of the most widely spread bad habits is use of cigarette ()
(C) One of most widely spread of bad habits is the use of the cigarette ()
(D) One of the most widely spread of the bad habit is use of cigarette ()

17. (A) Her belongings were steal from the car ()
 (B) Her belongings was stolen from the car ()
 (C) Her belongings were stolen from the car ()
 (D) Her belongings were stealth from the car ()

Directions (Questions 18 – 19): Choose the word which has been spelled incorrectly.

18. (A) bizarre () (B) besiege ()
 (C) bouguet () (D) beseech ()
19. (A) Reffered () (B) Reconnaissance ()
 (C) Recede () (D) Reiterate ()

Directions (Questions 20-21): Choose the correct question tag.

20. He isn't very happy about it, _____
 (A) is he? () (B) is it? ()
 (C) isn't he? () (D) ain't he? ()
21. She doesn't write very well, _____
 (A) doesn't she? () (B) does she? ()
 (C) is it? () (D) isn't it? ()

Direction (Question 22): Choose the most appropriate option to narrate the given sentence in indirect form of speech.

22. "Are you the same person I met in the office yesterday?" I asked.
 (A) I asked the stranger if we had met in the office the previous day. ()
 (B) The stranger was asked by me whether we had met the previous day at the office. ()
 (C) I asked the stranger if he was the same person I had met yesterday at the office. ()
 (D) I asked the stranger if he was the same person I had met in the office the previous day. ()

Directions (Questions 23-24): Choose the correct option to change the voice of the given sentence to active voice.

23. To whom are you known?
 (A) Do they know you? () (B) Who knows you? ()
 (C) Are you known to them? () (D) Who is known by them? ()
24. While I was playing, my mobile phone was stolen from my office.
 (A) While I was playing, somebody stole my mobile phone from my office. ()
 (B) While I was playing, my mobile phone had been stolen from my office. ()
 (C) While I was playing, they steal my mobile phone from my office. ()
 (D) While I was playing, they had stolen my mobile phone from my office. ()

Direction (Question 25): Identify the type of sentence.

25. She was successful because she worked hard.
 (A) Compound Sentence () (B) Complex Sentence ()
 (C) Simple Sentence () (D) Narrative Sentence ()

PART B

ESSAY WRITING (20 MARKS)

Write an essay on any one of the following topics in not more than 300 words:

1. Rainy season in Mizoram.
2. Choosing a career – Money or Passion?
3. The most important lesson I have learned in life.

ENGLISH COMPREHENSION (15x2 = 30 MARKS)

Read the following passages carefully and then choose your answer to the questions that follow.

I. The first step is for us to realise that a city need not be a frustrater of life; it can be among other things, a mechanism for enhancing life, for producing possibilities of living which are not to be realized except through cities. But, for that to happen, deliberate and drastic planning is needed. Towns as much as animals, must have their systems of organs – those for transport and circulation are an obvious example.

What we need now are organ systems for recreation, leisure, culture, community expression. This means abundance of open spaces, easy access to unspoilt Nature, beauty in parks and in fine buildings, gymnasia and swimming baths and recreation grounds in plenty, central spaces for celebrations and demonstrations, halls for citizens' meetings, concert halls and theatres and cinemas that belong to the city.

And the buildings must not be built anyhow or dumped down anywhere; both they and their groupings should mean something important to the people of the place.

1. Cities can be made to provide full facilities for life, only if
 - a) These can be mechanically developed ()
 - b) Proper transport system is introduced ()
 - c) Cinemas, theatres and concert halls are established there ()
 - d) These are thoughtfully and vigorously designed to serve people's needs ()
2. A suitable title for the passage would be
 - a) Towns versus Animals ()
 - b) The Need for Planned Cities ()
 - c) Transport and Communication System in a City ()
 - d) The Need for Leisure Time in a City ()
3. "A city need not be a frustrater of life" means that
 - a) One does not expect fulfilment ()
 - b) City life provides all the essential needs for life ()
 - c) A city does not necessarily lift man's standard of living ()
 - d) A city should not defeat the fulfilment of life's aspirations and aims()

4. Which one of the following is the antonym to the word 'frustrater' in the passage
- Promoter ()
 - Applauder ()
 - Approver ()
 - Executer ()
5. "The buildings must not be built anyhow or dumped down anywhere" implies that building
- Should be built with suitable material ()
 - Should be constructed, according to some suitable design, not indiscriminately ()
 - Should be scattered for more of open space ()
 - Should be built to enable citizens to enjoy nature ()
6. The word 'drastic' in the passage means
- Orderly ()
 - Powerful ()
 - Consistent ()
 - Determined ()
7. The author talks about 'Unspoilt Nature'. In what way can Nature remain unspoilt?
- If Nature is not allowed to interfere with people's day-to-day life ()
 - By building cities with the system of organs like those of animals ()
 - By allowing free access to parks and open spaces ()
 - By allowing humans and animals to coexist in Nature's primitive spaces ()
8. According to the author, the function of a city is to
- Provide adequate community expression ()
 - Make available centres of recreation and public gatherings ()
 - Facilitate traffic and communication ()
 - Raise the tone of life and make it more meaningful ()
9. The opening sentence of the passage implies that
- The possibilities of living a decent life cannot be found in a city ()
 - Only a city can provide the means to lead a full life ()
 - A city limits the possibility of a fulfilling life ()
 - A city can help man to lead a successful life ()
10. The synonym of the word 'unspoilt' is
- Pristine ()
 - Devastated ()
 - Corrupt ()
 - Betray ()

II. If I had been asked in my early youth whether I preferred to have dealings only with men or only with books, my answer would certainly have been in favour of books. In later years this has become less and less. Not that I have had so much better experience with men than with books, on the contrary delightful books even now come my way more than purely delightful men. But the many bad experiences with men have nourished the meadow of my life as the noblest book could not do.

1. The author says that in later years his love for books diminished because
 - a) He did not get many delightful books to read ()
 - b) He had better experiences with men than with books ()
 - c) He had given up the habit of reading books ()
 - d) Even the bad experiences he had with men were more valuable than what the noblest books could give ()

2. Which one of the following statements best reflects the main arguments of the passage?
 - a) Books are always better than men ()
 - b) There are more purely delightful men than purely delightful books ()
 - c) It is the experience with other human beings that nourishes one's life and not necessarily books ()
 - d) Neither men nor books give any worthwhile experience ()

3. Which one of the pairs of phrases best helps to bring out the metaphorical meaning of the meadow of my life?
 - a) Pure and healthy life ()
 - b) Vast and rich life ()
 - c) Well - nourished but dull life ()
 - d) Poor but simple life ()

4. In his early youth, the author
 - a) Liked to have more dealings with books than with men ()
 - b) Liked to have more dealings with men than with books ()
 - c) Preferred to have dealings with neither books nor men ()
 - d) Preferred to have equal dealings with both books and men ()

5. The antonym of contrary is
 - a) Counter ()
 - b) Compatible ()
 - c) Opposite ()
 - d) Operative ()
